

DESIGN and Evaluation of a Gamified Learning TOOL

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ABSTRACT

This study utilized a quantitative descriptive design to design and evaluate Quackademy, a gamified mobile learning tool aimed at enhancing computer programming education and supporting UN Sustainable Development Goal 4 (Quality Education) among public senior high school students in Region XI, Philippines. The research addressed four 'least mastered competencies'—Java syntax, package importing, loop constructs, and application development—by integrating specific gamification elements like points, badges, and the interactive 'Duck Race' game. Acceptance was measured using the Gamification Acceptance Model (GAM), with findings indicating high acceptance and strong user motivation. The study concludes with practical implications for teachers, administrators, and curriculum planners to facilitate the sustainable adoption of competency-based gamified learning across the Davao Region.

KEYWORDS: *Education, ITI, learning tool, computer programming, gamification mobile application.*

INTRODUCTION

The global educational landscape faces a critical challenge in computer programming instruction, characterized by three primary issues: a persistent technical skills gap that hinders industry employment (Balmes, 2017; Gallup & Lumina, 2014; Harms, 2024), widespread student disengagement due to the abstract nature of traditional teaching methods (Bukunova & Bukunova, 2017; Olipas, 2022; Songer & Brener, 2018), and significant socioeconomic disparities that limit access to quality coding resources (Alabi et al., 2023; Delos Santos & Manalo, 2021; Kasturirangan, 2020).

In the United States, the abstract nature of programming principles often leads to student disinterest in STEM fields (Songer & Brener, 2018). In countries like Brazil and India, obsolete instructional methods and rural access barriers

remain major hurdles to acquiring necessary technical abilities (Freeman et al., 2014; Kasturirangan, 2020; Silva & Barros, 2019). These issues are mirrored in the Philippines, where conventional lecture-based approaches and obsolete curricula often fail to meet modern business demands (Alonzo, 2019; Gallup & Lumina, 2014; Sharma et al., 2018)

This study aligns with United Nations Sustainable Development Goal 4 (Quality Education), specifically Target 4.4, which aims to increase the number of youth with relevant technical skills for employment. By developing Quackademy, this research provides an inclusive digital tool that promotes lifelong learning opportunities. This is particularly significant given the persistent problem of the least mastered competencies, which negatively impact student achievement and human mobility.

While research into gamified learning has grown, a significant gap remains regarding localized studies that provide contextual adaptation for high school students in developing regions. Most existing literature focuses on higher education in North America or Europe, often utilizing general statistical analysis without exploring how specific localized competencies can be bridged through customized gamification elements. This study addresses this gap by evaluating a tool designed specifically for the DepEd curriculum in Region XI, Philippines.

Statement of the Problem

1. How to design and develop a mobile application gamified learning tool based on the least mastered competency in computer programming?
2. What is the level of acceptance of the developed mobile application gamified learning tool in terms of Perceived Usefulness; Perceived Ease of Use; attitude; skill engagement; interaction engagement; and functionality?
3. What is the implementation plan for the developed mobile application gamified learning tool for computer programming?

METHODOLOGY

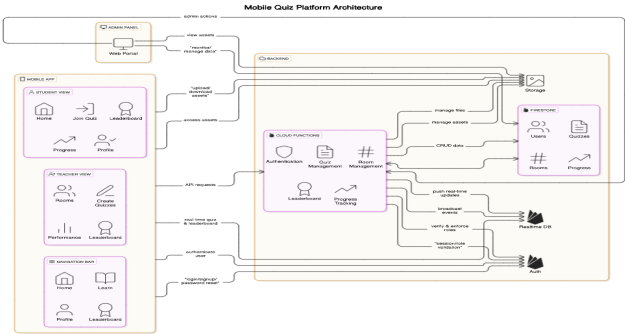
Research Design . This study employed a quantitative descriptive design to systematically collect and analyze numerical data on students' acceptance of the Quackademy gamified learning tool. By employing structured surveys and descriptive statistical techniques—specifically mean and standard deviation—the research aimed to objectively measure user satisfaction across the

various constructs of the Gamification Acceptance Model (GAM). This non-experimental approach was selected to provide a thorough, real-world assessment of the tool’s effectiveness and usability in a natural educational setting, enabling a comprehensive evaluation of student attitudes and engagement without manipulating variables.

Software Development Methodology. Quackademy was developed using the Agile methodology, moving through iterative cycles of planning, design, development, testing, deployment, review, and retrospective. The process transitioned from Planning proficiency gaps in Java to design using Figma for wireframing, followed by Development with Flutter, the Flame engine, and Firebase for real-time data management. The Testing and Review phases used student and teacher feedback to refine the UI/UX and ensure cross-platform compatibility. This iterative approach ensured that the tool remained a learner-centered and technically sound platform for programming education.

System Architecture. The system architecture was designed to support a dynamic, cross-platform learning environment. The frontend was built using Flutter for responsiveness, while the Flame engine integrated real-time animations and interactive gamification elements. Firebase served as the backend solution for secure user authentication, real-time data storage, and analytics, allowing for personalized progress tracking and competitive leaderboards. Communication between the mobile application and backend services was facilitated via REST or GraphQL APIs, ensuring a seamless and motivating experience for the users

Figure 1
Architecture Diagram



Research Locale. The study was conducted in Region XI, specifically in Davao City and Davao del Sur, to capture diverse educational settings. Davao City, a highly urbanized center with advanced digital integration in schools, provided an ideal environment for assessing gamified learning tools. In contrast, Davao del Sur, with its mix of urban and rural schools gradually adopting educational technology, offered a broader context for evaluating the tool's applicability. This dual-site approach allowed the study to comprehensively assess the effectiveness and adaptability of the gamified learning tool across varied learning environments in the region.

The study selected public senior high schools based on specific inclusion and exclusion criteria to ensure relevance and validity. Schools were included if they offered the TVL track in computer programming, were DepEd-recognized, had at least 150 enrolled students, and demonstrated readiness for technology integration with trained, willing teachers. Schools were excluded if they lacked the relevant TVL track, did not meet the enrollment minimum, or lacked the infrastructure or faculty support needed for implementing gamified tools. This ensured a focused, capable, and representative sample for evaluating the impact of gamification on programming education.

Respondents of the Study. The sample size of 150 respondents was determined through quota sampling to ensure a balanced representation from both urban (Davao City) and rural (Davao del Sur) schools, capturing diverse technological readiness levels. To uphold research ethics, participant anonymity was strictly preserved through the codification of all data; no personal identifiers were used in analysis, and information was stored securely in compliance with the Data Privacy Act of 2012.

Research Instrument. This study utilized an adapted version of the Gamification Acceptance Model (GAM) survey instrument from Rahman et al. (2018) to measure student acceptance of the gamified learning tool. The survey assessed five key domains of engagement: skill engagement, participation/interaction, interaction engagement, measurement, and overall student engagement. Using a 5-point Likert scale, students rated their agreement with statements related to gamification's effectiveness and usability. The instrument demonstrated high internal consistency, with Cronbach's alpha values exceeding 0.7 across all constructs, confirming its validity and reliability for evaluating engagement in an educational context.

Data Gathering Procedure. To ensure ethical and systematic data collection, the researcher followed a multi-step process: the Dean of the Graduate School of the University of the Immaculate Conception (UIC) endorsed the study, followed by obtaining ethical clearance from the UIC Research Ethics Committee. Upon approval, permission was secured from the Department of Education, Region XI, and the Davao City Division to conduct the study and to access relevant data. An orientation session was held with participants to explain the study, introduce the gamified application, and obtain informed consent. Questionnaires were administered afterward, and all data were codified to maintain anonymity and confidentiality. The research strictly adhered to Republic Act No. 10173, the Data Privacy Act of 2012, ensuring that all personal information was handled securely and used solely for academic purposes.

Statistical Tools. In analyzing and interpreting the data gathered from the TVL ICT students, several statistical tools were utilized to provide meaningful insights into students' engagement with gamification and technology:

Mean. The Mean was used to compute average scores of students' responses to the Gamified Acceptance Model in terms of perceived usefulness, perceived ease of use, attitude, skill engagement, interaction engagement, functionality, and the overall experience with the gamified learning tool.

Standard Deviation. The Standard Deviation was utilized to measure the variability or dispersion of student feedback scores around the mean, indicating the consistency of their experiences with the gamified learning tool.

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

The Design and Development of the Gamified Mobile Application Learning Tool

The design and development of Quackademy followed an Agile methodology, focusing on bridging four 'least mastered competencies' in Java programming through specific gamified interventions. The development process was characterized by the following technical and pedagogical integrations:

- **Competency-Feature Linkage:** To address Java syntax and package importing, the tool integrated a comprehensive resource library and interactive quizzes that provide immediate, non-penalizing feedback.

The more complex competencies—utilizing loop constructs and creating executable applications—were addressed through the 'Duck Race Game', a high-engagement module powered by the Flame engine that transforms abstract coding logic into competitive, visual challenges.

- **Technical Architecture:** The tool was built as a cross-platform mobile application using Flutter, supported by Firebase for real-time data tracking and secure authentication. Visual engagement was enhanced through Rive animations, which provided dynamic transitions and feedback, ensuring an immersive user experience.
- **Iterative Refinement:** Through a series of Agile sprints, wireframes were initially developed in Figma and refined based on usability feedback from both students and teachers. This iterative approach ensured that the final platform was not only technically robust but specifically tailored to the needs of low-proficiency learners, offering a supportive environment for gradual skill development

Level of Acceptance of the Gamified Mobile Application Learning Tool

The findings indicate a high level of acceptance (Mean = 3.956). While perceived usefulness was very high (4.198), the perceived ease of use was moderate (3.186), specifically regarding interface clarity. This suggests that while students value the pedagogical impact, future iterations should simplify the user interface. Recent literature by Alabi et al. (2023) and Tan et al. (2023) supports these findings, noting that immersive gamified environments significantly boost cognitive engagement.

Table 1
Level of Acceptance of the Gamified Mobile Application of the Learning Tool.

Dimension	Mean	SD	Description
Perceived Usefulness:	4.198	0.718	High
Perceived Ease of Use:	3.186	0.842	Moderate
Attitude:	4.166	0.803	High
Skill Engagement:	3.903	0.852	High
Interaction Engagement:	4.077	0.815	High
Functionality: General Weighted Mean	3.956	0.816	High

The Implementation Plan

The implementation strategy for Quackademy focuses on a multi-phased integration of the tool into the computer programming curriculum to bridge the least mastered competencies. It begins with the deployment of a fully functional, bug-free application developed alongside educators to ensure content relevance, followed by UI/UX refinements and dedicated training for teachers and students to facilitate effective classroom use. The plan emphasizes continuous monitoring of engagement for data-driven improvements, proactive technical troubleshooting, and securing sustainable funding to support the long-term adoption of this innovative learning environment.

CONCLUSION

Quackademy is widely accepted and pedagogically sound for enhancing programming education among senior high school students. The integration of gamification elements—points, badges, and leaderboards—successfully fosters student engagement and motivation. While the tool effectively addresses Java competencies, its moderate ease of use suggests that UI/UX refinements are needed to optimize the learner experience. Ultimately, gamified mobile learning offers a viable solution to bridge the gap between traditional instruction and the technical demands of the IT industry.

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